

**SERVISNÍ MANUÁL ALFIN 200
AC/DC**
**SERVICE MANUAL ALFIN 200
AC/DC**

1. VAROVÁNÍ

UPOZORNĚNÍ – Pouze osoba splňující kvalifikaci danou zákonem je oprávněna opravovat stroj.

PŘED OTEVŘENÍM KRYTU STROJE JEJ ODPOJTE VYTAŽENÍM SÍTOVÉ VIDLICE ZE SÍTĚ.

**Každé 4 měsíce otevřete stroj a jemně ho vyfoukejte stlačeným suchým vzduchem
POZOR, NEPOUŽÍVEJTE STLAČENÝ VZDUCH O PŘÍLIŠ VYSOKÉM TLAKU, ABY NEDOŠLO K MECHANICKÉMU POŠKOZENÍ ELEKTROSOUČÁSTEK.**

Každé 4 měsíce zkontrolujte řádný stav svařovacích kabelů a síťových kabelů.

Není povolena žádná modifikace svařovacího stroje.

Pro Vaši bezpečnost je nutné posečkat se sundáním krytu ze stroje po odpojení ze sítě po dobu minimálně 5 minut, kdy klesne napětí na kondenzátorech na hodnotu pod

WARNING

NOTE Only trained personnel are permitted to work inside the machine.

BEFORE OPENING THE MACHINE, CUT OFF ITS ELECTRICAL POWER BY REMOVING THE PLUG FROM THE MAINS SUPPLY SOCKET.

Every six months, open the machine and clean it inside, using compressed dehumidified air.

CAUTION. DO NOT USE COMPRESSED AIR AT TOO HIGH A PRESSURE. YOU COULD DAMAGE THE ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS.

With the same frequency, check the welding cables and the supply cables.

No modification, of any type, may be made to the welding machine.

For safety while maintaining the machine, please shut off the supply power and wait for 5 minutes, until

36 V.	capacity voltage already drops to safe voltage 36V.
2. BLOKOVÉ SCHÉMA	ELECTRICAL PRINCIPLE DRAWING

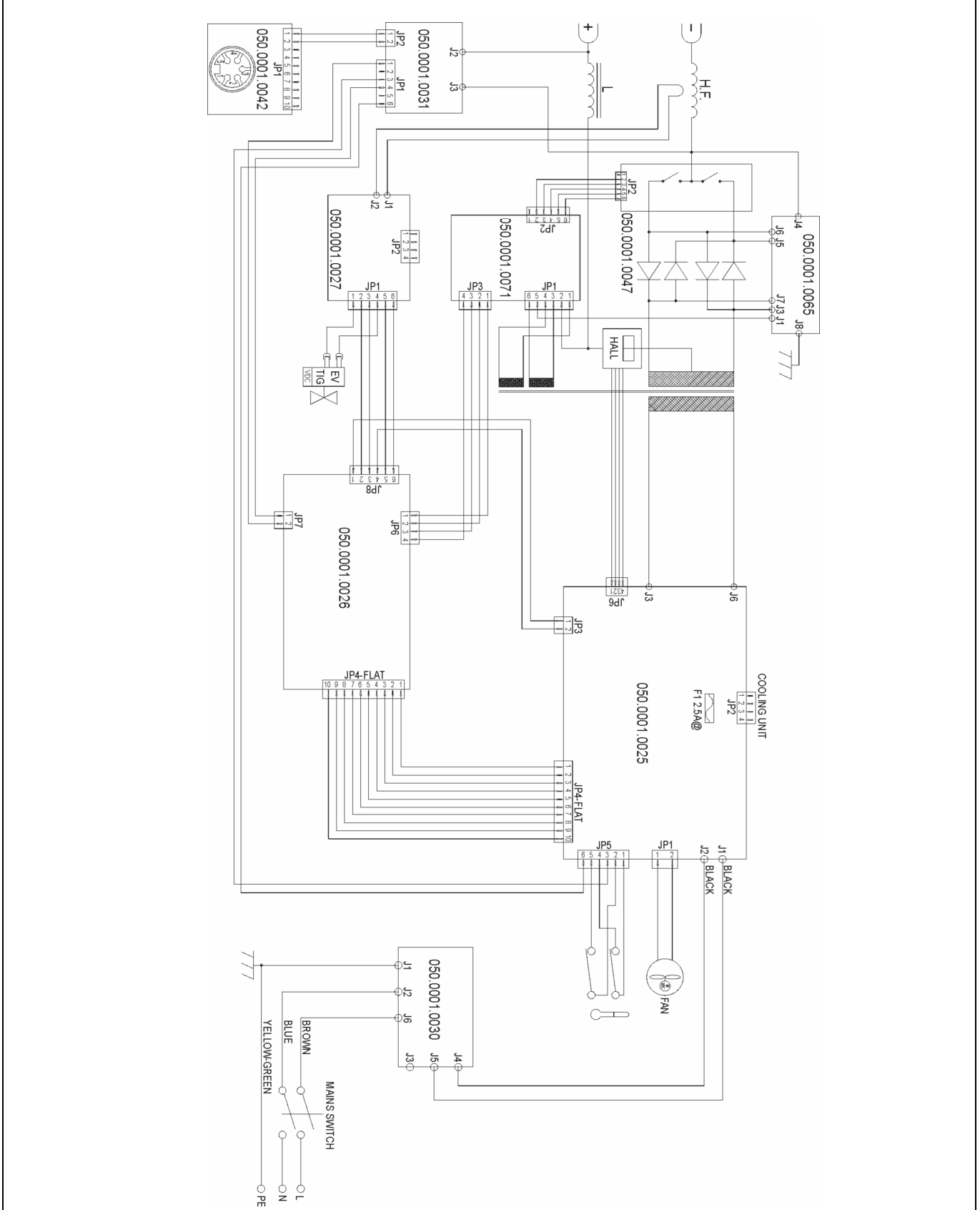
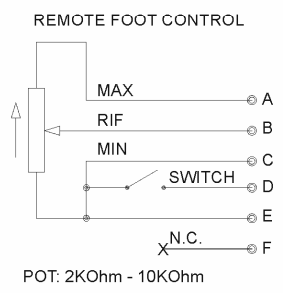
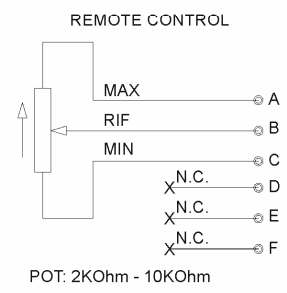
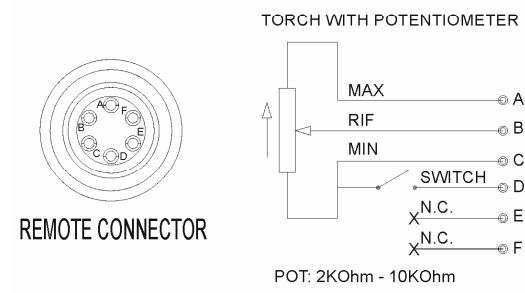
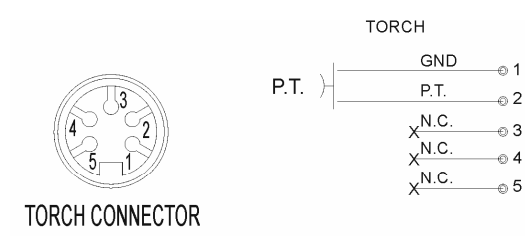
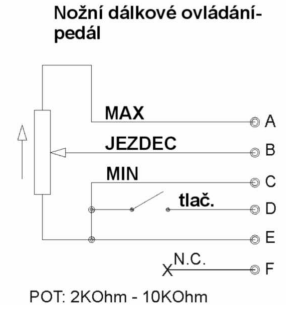
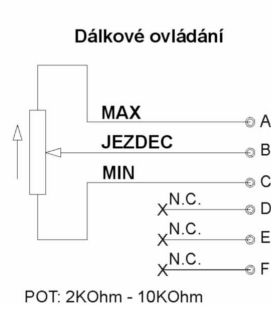
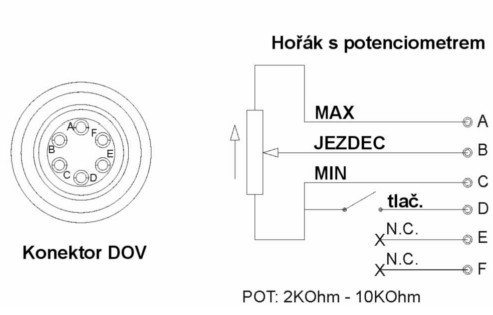
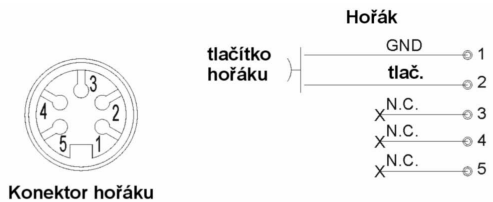
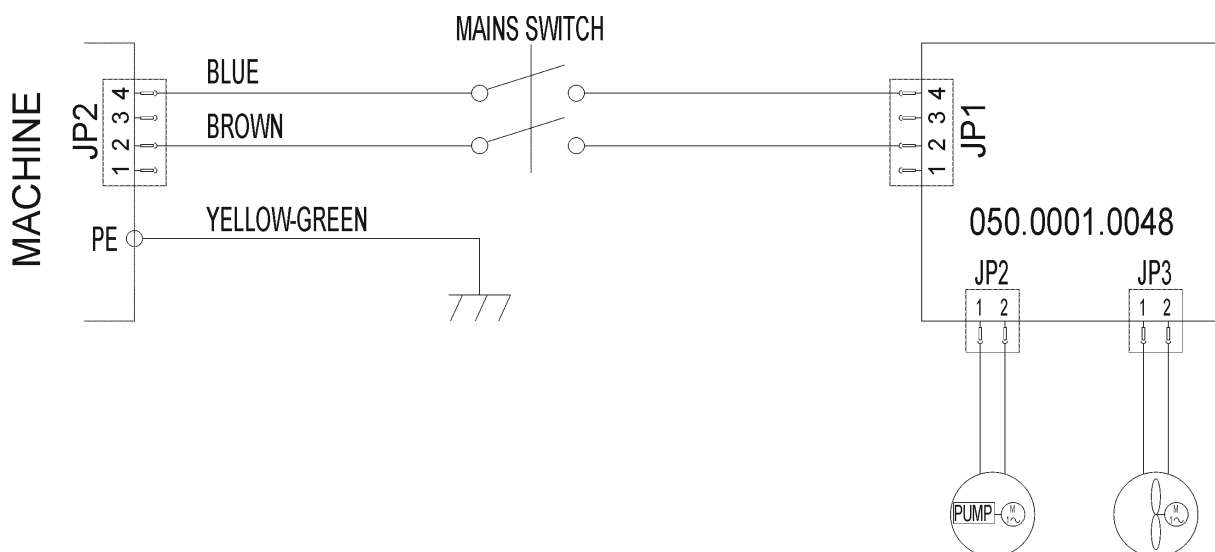
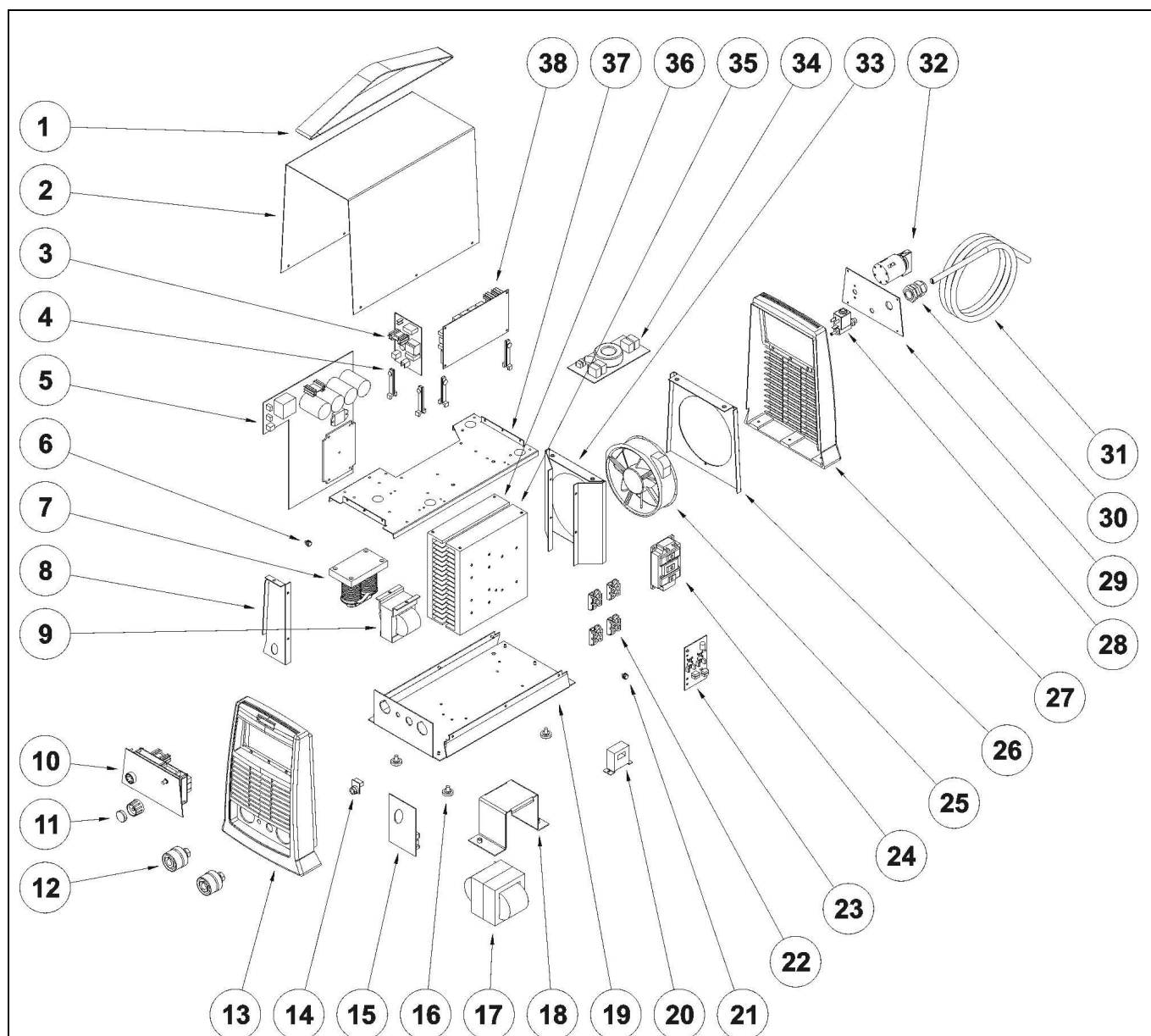


Schéma zapojení DOV ALFIN 200 AC/DC

ELECTRICAL PRINCIPLE DOV ALFIN 200 AC/DC

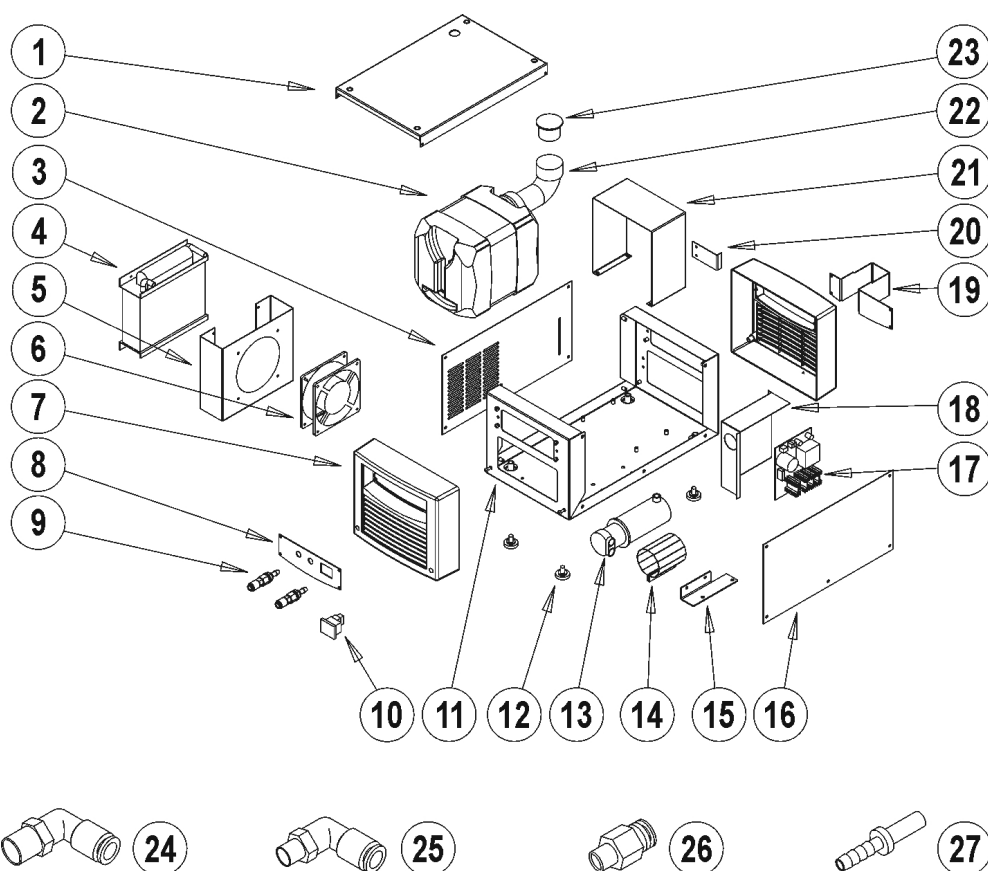


CS CU-01B**3. NÁHRADNÍ DÍLY****SPARE PARTS**



Poz.	Název	DESCRIPTION	CODE	Ks
1	Popruh	BELT	005.0001.0008	1
2	Kryt	CASE	011.0001.0151	1
3	PCB HF	HF BOARD	050.0001.0027	1
4	Držák PCB	VERTICAL MOUNT BOARD GUIDE	016.0010.0001	1
5	PCB silová	POWER BOARD	050.0001.0025	1
6	Termostat	THERMAL CUT-OUT	040.0003.1270	1
7	HF trafo	HF TRANSFORMER	010.0002.0004	1
8	Krytka vnitřní	LATERAL SUPPORT	011.0008.0030	1
9	Tlumivka	INDUCTOR	044.0004.0004	1
10	PCB ovládací	FRONT PANEL	050.0154.0000	1
11	Knoflík	COVER & HANDLE WITHOUT POINTER	014.0002.0002	1
12	Rychlospojka silová	FIXED SOCKET 400A	021.0001.0259	2

13	Panel přední	FRONT	012.0004.0010	1
14	Konektor ovládací	AMPHENOL CONN. BOARD	050.0001.0042	1
15	PCB filtr výstupní	OUTPUT FILTER BOARD	050.0001.0031	1
16	Nožky	ADJUSTABLE FOOT	016.0009.0001	4
17	Trafo	TRANSFORMER	042.0003.0029	1
18	Držák trafo	TRANSFORMER SUPPORT	011.0002.0012	1
19	Dno	BASE	011.0008.0001	1
20	Hallova sonda	HALL SENSOR	041.0004.0300	1
21	Termostat	THERMAL CUT-OUT	040.0003.1170	1
22	Usměrňovač izotop	ISOTOP DIODE	032.0002.2006	4
23	PCB tlumící člen	SNUBBER BOARD	050.0001.0065	1
24	PCB inverzní člen	INVERSION MODULE	050.0001.0047	1
25	Ventilátor	FAN	003.0002.0004	1
26	Kryt ventilátoru	EXTERNAL FAN SUPPORT	011.0008.0010	1
27	Panel zadní	BACK	012.0004.0100	1
28	Ventil	SOLENOID VALVE	017.0001.5541	1
29	Panel zadní	REAR PANEL	013.0012.0000	1
30	Kabelová průchodka	CABLE GRIP	045.0000.0007	1
31	Síťový kabel	NEOPRENE CABLE	045.0002.0004	1
32	Hlavní vypínač	TWO-POLE SWITCH	040.0001.0010	1
33	Kryt ventilátoru	INTERNAL FAN SUPPORT	011.0008.0011	1
34	PCB filtr síťový	LINE FILTER BOARD	050.0001.0030	1
35	Chladič sekundár	DISSIPATER S	015.0001.0008	1
36	Chladič primár	DISSIPATER P	015.0001.0007	1
37	Kryt vnitřní	INTERNAL SUPPORT	011.0008.0020	1
38	PCB inverzní člen	INVERSION BOARD	050.0001.0071	1
-	Sada pro připojení TIG hořáku	KIT FOR TIG TORCH	021.0000.0001	1



Poz.	Název	DESCRIPTION	CODE	Ks
1	Kryt	CASE	011.0012.0002	1
2	Nádržka	TANK	010.0004.0110	1
3	Levý kryt	LEFT SIDE	011.0000.0381	1
4	Chladič	RADIATOR	010.0004.0100	1
5	Držák ventilátoru	FAN SUPPORT	011.0012.0003	1
6	Ventilátor	FAN	003.0002.0008	1
7	Čelo	FRONT-REAR	012.0006.0000	1
8	Přední panel	FRONT PANEL	011.0012.0005	1
9	Rychlospojky	QUICK CLUTCH	018.0002.0004	2
10	Vypínač	SWITCH	040.0001.0001	1
11	Dno	BASE	011.0012.0001	1
12	Nožky	RUBBER FOOT	016.0009.0001	4
13	Čerpadlo	PUMP	003.0004.0002	1
14	Držák čerpadla	PUMP CARTER	011.0012.0009	1
15	Držák čerpadla	PUMP SUPPORT	011.0012.0011	1
16	Pravý kryt	RIGHT SIDE	011.0000.0351	1

17	PCB napájecí	POWER SUPPLY BOARD	050.0001.0058	1
18	Kryt PCB napájecí	BOARD CARTER	011.0012.0010	1
19	Zadní panel	REAR PANEL	011.0012.0006	1
20	Kryt nádoby	TANK SUPPORT	011.0012.0008	1
21	Držák nádoby	TANK CARTER	011.0012.0007	1
22	Nalévací hrdlo	TANK FILLING COMPLETE PIPE UNION	010.0004.0120	1
23	Zátka	PLUG	017.0003.1005	1
24	Úhlové šroubení 1/4 GAS	MALE ELBOW 1/4 GAS	017.0003.0009	2
25	Úhlové šroubení 1/8 GAS	MALE ELBOW 1/8 GAS	017.0003.0002	2
26	Přípojka 1/8 GAS	MALE CONNECTOR 1/8 GAS	017.0003.0007	2
27	Redukce	TUBE TO HOSE STEM	017.5001.3010	2

4. ZÁVADY - ŘEŠENÍ

Poř.	Závada	Příčina	Řešení
1	Stroj je zapnutý, ventilátor funguje, LED zapnutí nesvíí	LED nebo její připojení je vadné.	Opravte připojení nebo vyměňte LED poř.10
		Silová PCB je vadná.	Opravte nebo vyměňte PCB poř.č5
2	Stroj je zapnutý, LED zapnutí svítí, ventilátor neběží.	Překážka rotace ventilátor.	Odstraňte
		Motor ventilátor poškozen.	Vyměňte ventilátor
3	Stroj je zapnutý, LED zapnutí nesvíí, ventilátor neběží.	Není napětí v síti	Zkontrolujte, jestli je v síti napětí.
		Přepětí nebo podpětí v síti.	Zkontrolujte síťové napětí.
4	Žádné napětí na prázdko	Závada generátor.	Zkontrolujte hlavní vypínač
5	Žádný svařovací proud na svorkách	Svařovací kabely nejsou připojeny do konektorů.	Připojte svařovací kabely do rychlospojek na stroji.

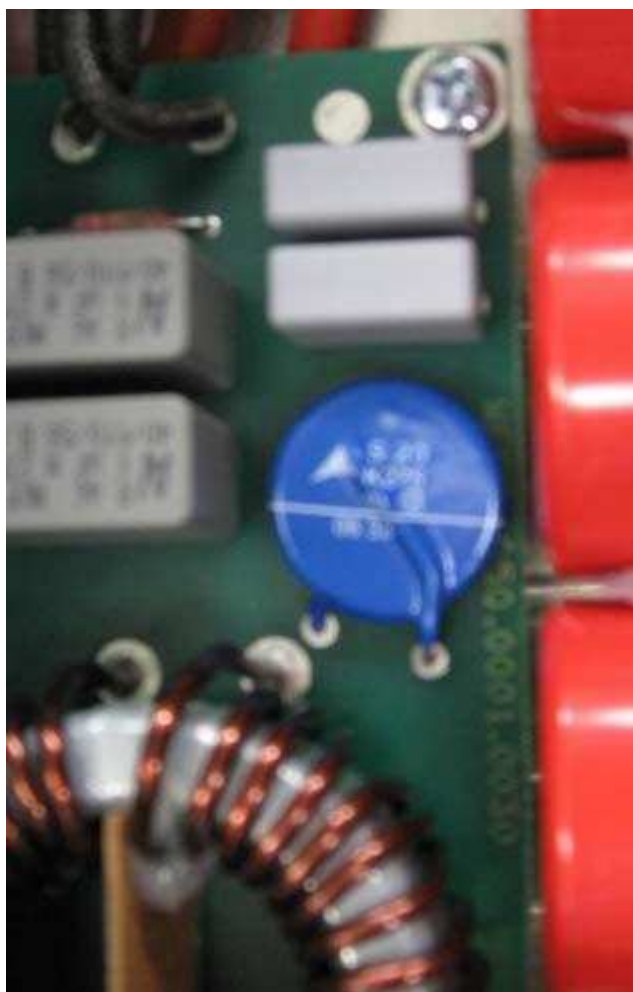
		Poškozený svařovací kabel.	Vyměňte nebo opravte svařovací kabel.	
		Zemnicí kabel není připojen nebo je špatně připojen.	Zkontrolujte zemnicí kabel	
6	Obtížně se zapaluje oblouk nebo dochází k lepení elektrody.	Špatně utažené svařovací kabely.	Zkontrolujte utažení svařovacích kabelů.	
		Svařenec je znečištěn olejem nebo prachem.	Očistěte svařenec.	
		MMA/TIG výběr je špatný.	Vyberte MMA svařování.	
7	Nestabilní svařovací oblouk.	ARC FORCE nastaveno příliš nízké.	Zvyšte ARC FORCE.	
8	Svařovací proud nelze nastavit.	Poškozený potenciometr předního panelu.	Opravte nebo vyměňte potenciometr.	
9	Penetrace tavné lázně nedostačující.	Svařovací proud je nastaven příliš nízký.	Zvyšte svařovací proud	
		ARC FORCE nastaveno příliš nízké.	Zvyšte ARC FORCE.	
10	Nestabilní oblouk	Nepříznivý vliv průvanu	Použijte zástěnu.	
		Excentrická elektroda	Změňte úhle uchycení elektroda	
			Vyměňte elektrodu	
		Vliv magnetismu	Nahněte elektrodu proti směru magnetického vlivu.	
Změňte pozici zemnicího kabelu nebo přidejte zemnicí kabel na opačnou stranu svařence.				
11	LED ALARM svítí	Přehřátí	Stroj zatížen příliš	Počkejte, až se stroj vychladí
		Ochrana přepětí	Nestandardní proud na hlavním obvodu.	Otestujte a opravte hlavní obvod PCB poř.č5

TROUBLESHOOTING

S/N	Troubles	Reasons	Solutions
1	Turn on the power source, and fan works, but the power light is not on.	The power light damaged or connection is not good	Test and repair the inside circuit of power light s/n 10
		Power PCB failures	Repair or change power PCB s/n 5
2	Turn on the power source, and the power light is on, but fan doesn't work	There is something in the fan	Clear out
		The fan motor damaged	Change fan motor
3	Turn on the power source, and the power light is not on, and fan doesn't work	No input voltage	Check whether there is input voltage
		Overvoltage (Input voltage is too much or not)	Check input voltage
4	No no-load voltage output	There is trouble inside the	Check the power switch

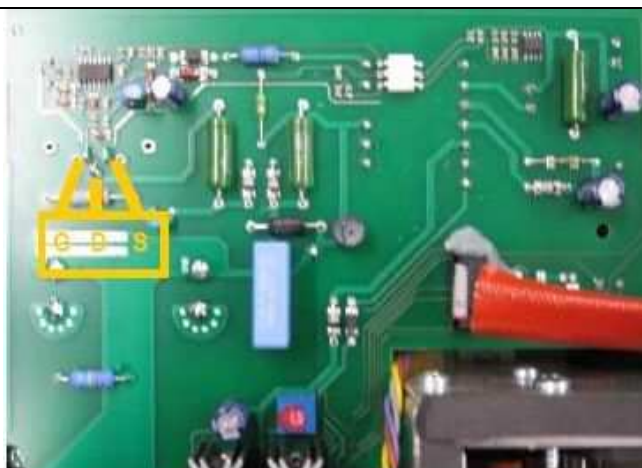
		machine		
5	No current output in the welding	Welding cable is not connected with the two output of the welder.		Connect the welding cable to the welder's output
		Welding cable is broken		Wrap, repair or change the welding cable
		Earth cable is not connected or loosen		Check the earth clamp
6	Not easy to start arc in the welding, or easy to cause sticking	The plug loosen or connect not well		Check and tighten the plug
		Oil or dust covered the workpiece		Check and clear out
		MMA/TIG welding selection is wrong		Selecting the MMA welding
7	The arc is not stable in the welding process	The arc force is too small		Increase the arc force
8	The welding current can not be adjusted	The welding current potentiometer in the front panel connection not so good or damaged		Repair or change the potentiometer
9	The penetration of molten pool is not enough(MMA)	The welding current adjusted too low		Increase the welding current
		The arc force adjusted too small		Increase the arc force
10	Arc blow	Airflow disturbance		Use the shelter from airflow
		The electrode eccentricity		Adjust the electrode angle
				Change the electrode
		Magnetic effect		Incline the electrode to the opposite way of the magnetic blow
Change the position of earth clamp or add earth cable in the two side of workpiece				
11	The alarm light is on	Over heat protection	Over welding current	Induce the welding current output
			Working time too long	Induce the duty cycle (interval work)
		Over current protection	Unusual current in the main circuit	Test and repair the main circuit and drive PCB s/n 5
5. KONTROLA SILOVÉ PCB		CHECKING THE POWER PCB		

Obrázek 1

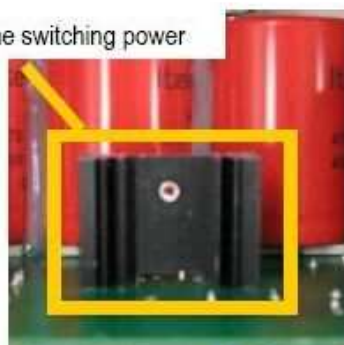


Varistor je blízko vstupu napájecího napětí na PCB vstupní filtr. Toto zařízení slouží k ochraně PCB před vstupním přepětím. Při přepětí "exploduje" a zkratuje vstup. Je-li rozsah zkratu velmi vysoký, obvod se přeruší

Obrázek 2



Mosfet of the switching power

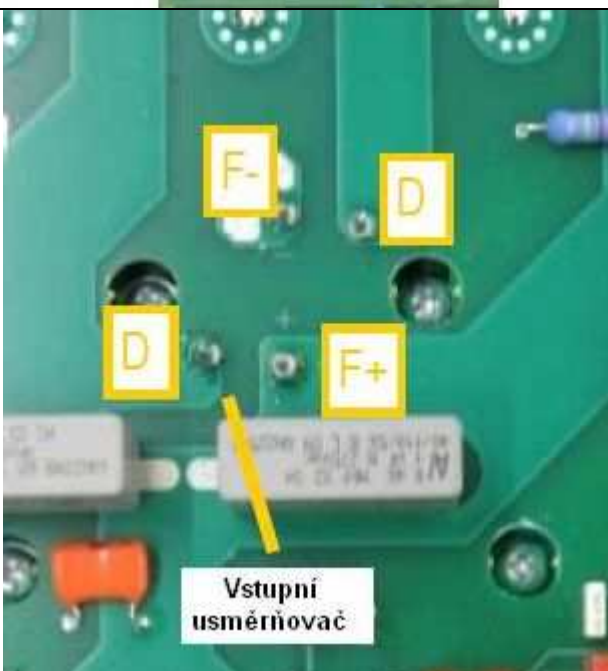


Pro kontrolu tranzistor změřte podle následující tabulky testerem diod

červený	černý	hodnota
D	S	OL
S	D	OL
G	S	OL
S	G	OL
G	D	0.5
D	G	OL

Hodnoty jsou orientační. Naměříte-li zkrat, nebo rozpojený obvod (OL), je nutné PCB vyměnit

Obrázek 3



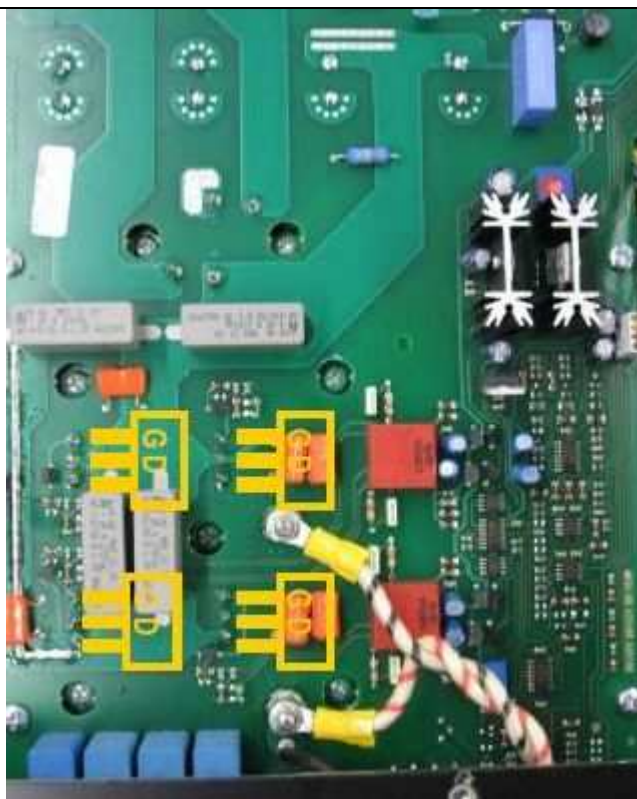
Vstupní usměrňovač

Vstupní usměrňovač na silové desce

Pro kontrolu můstku změřte tento podle následující tabulky testerem diod

Červený vodič	Černý vodič	Naměřená hodnota
F+	D	OL
D	F+	0.5
D	F-	OL
F-	D	0.5

Obrázek 4

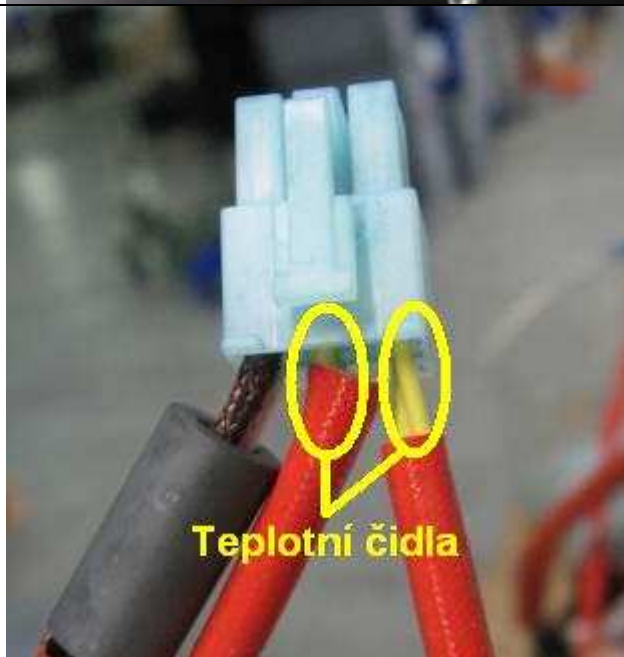


Pro kontrolu tranzistorů změřte tyto podle následující tabulky testerem diod

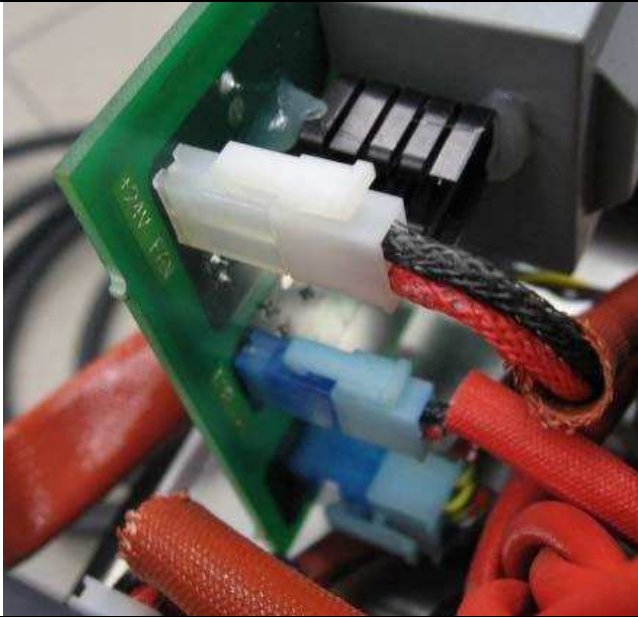
červený	černý	hodnota
S	G	0,6
G	S	0.5

Hodnoty jsou orientační. Naměříte-li zkrat, nebo rozpojený obvod (OL), je nutné PCB vyměnit

Obrázek 5

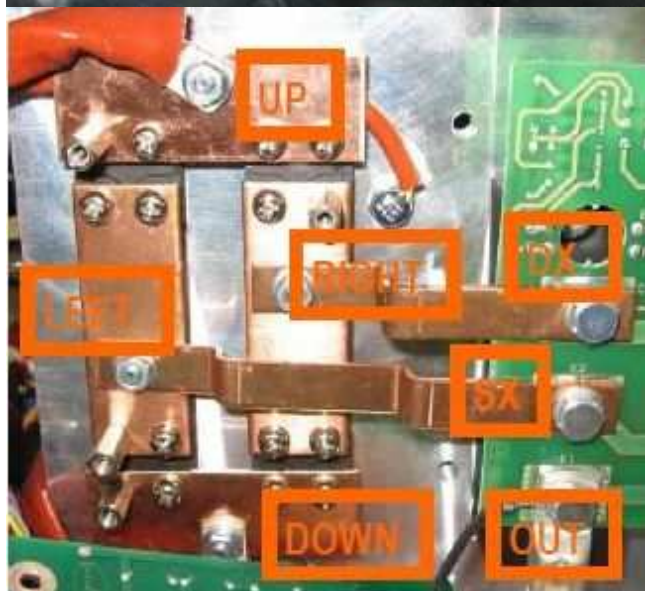
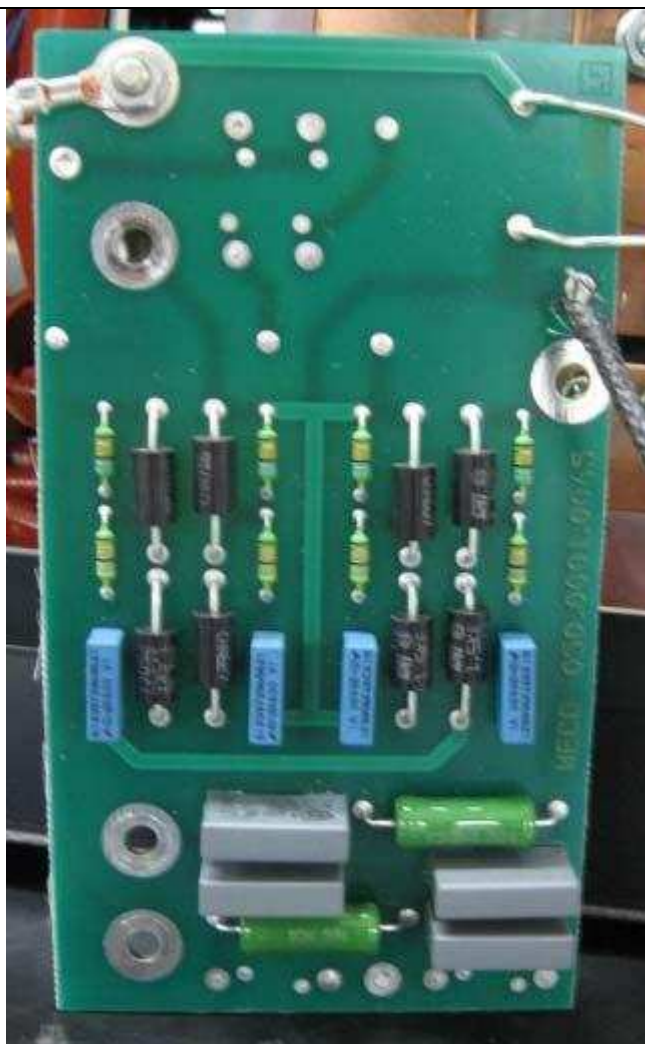


Zkontrolujte obvod dvou teplotních čidel na 6-pinovém konektoru na silové desce

Obrázek 6

Netočí-li se ventilátor, zkontrolujte napájení 24V ze silové desky a vedení k ventilátorům

Obrázek 7



Pro kontrolu výstupních usměrňovačů odmontujte PCB RC-filtr a podle následující tabulky změřte testerem diod

červený	černý	hodnota
LEFT	UP/DOWN	0,3
UP/DOWN	LEFT	OL
RIGHT	UP/DOWN	OL
UP/DOWN	RIGHT	0,3

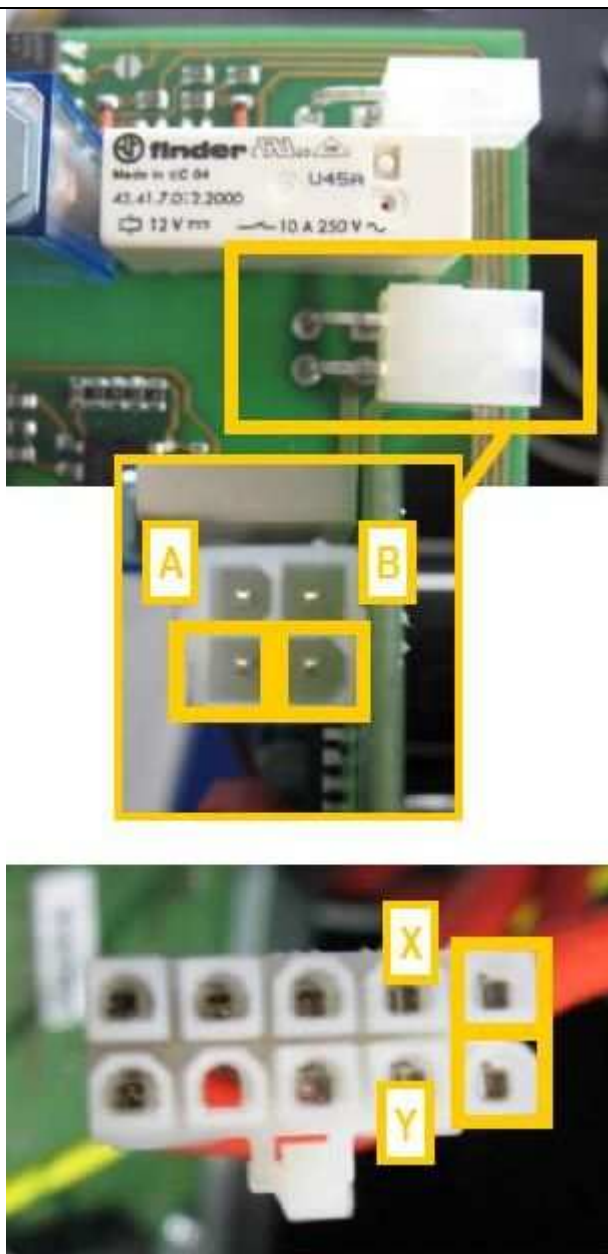
Pro kontrolu střídače podle následující tabulky

červený	černý	hodnota
SX	OUT	0,3
OUT	SX	OL
DX	OUT	OL
OUT	DX	0,3

Nakonec zkontrolujeme osm transilů na PCB RC filtr. V obou směrech musí vykázat přerušný obvod



Obrázek 8



Zkontrolujte testerem diod průchodnost mezi body A/B na silové PCB a pinů X/Y na propojce k PCB řídicí.

CAUTION!

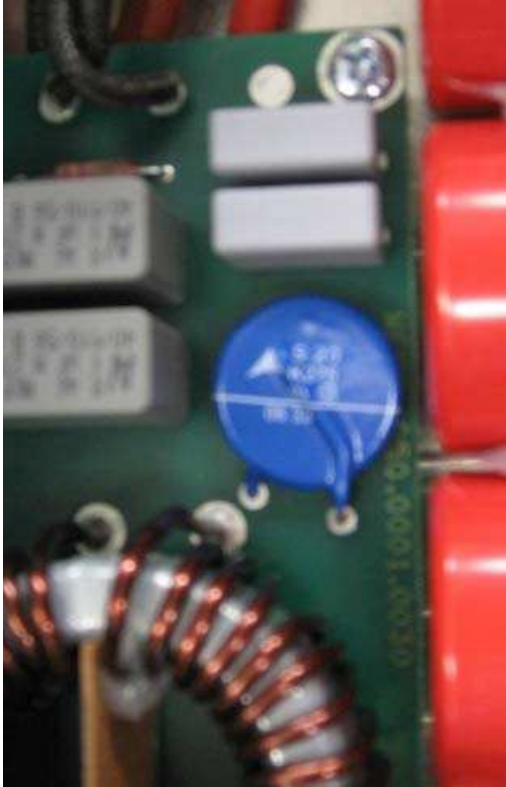
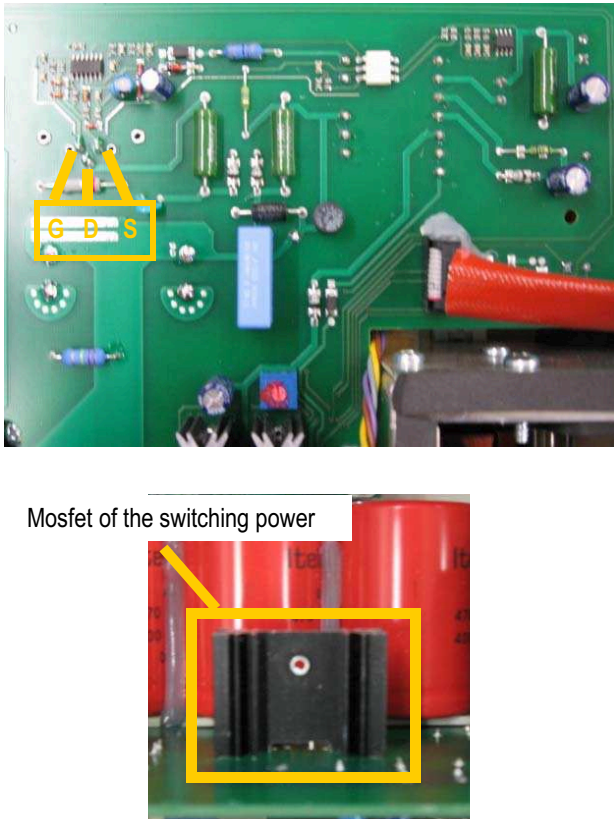
Before carrying out any work on the machine make sure it is off and the plug has been disconnected.

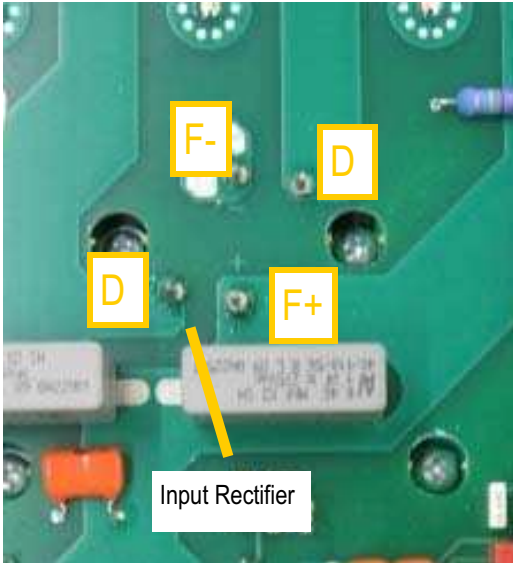
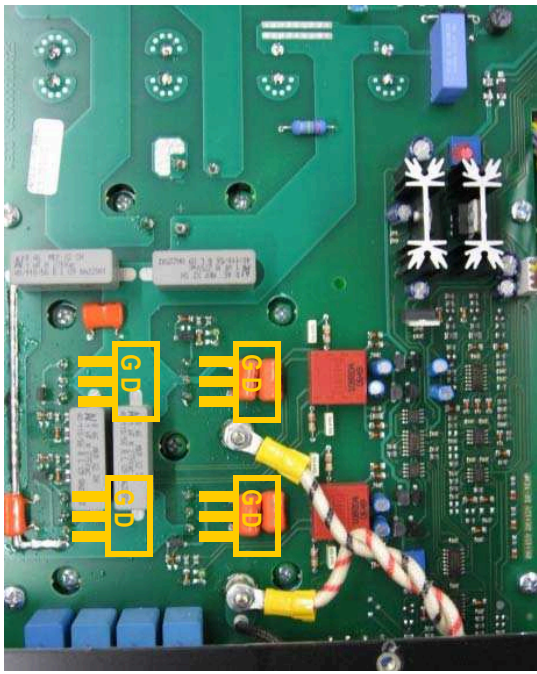
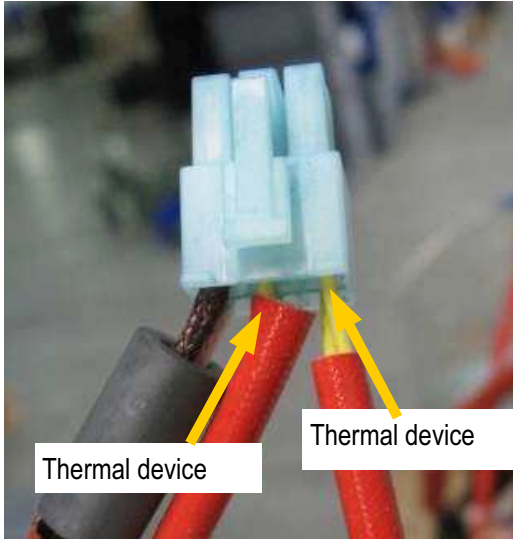
PROBLEM	CASE	SOLUTION
The machine does not switch on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Electrical power does not reach the machine. - Voltage reaches the machine switch but there is no voltage after the contacts. - There is voltage after the disconnecting switch but the machine does not go on. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure the line switch is closed, the protection devices (fuses) have not been enabled and that the power supply cable is intact. • Switch the machine off and disconnect the plug. Make sure that when the switch is closed, there is continuity between the contact input and output and the varistor is not broken. (picture 1). • Switch the machine off and disconnect the plug. Check the mosfet of the switching power supply unit on the power board (picture 2).
The protection devices of the line set off when the switch is activated and the machine does not go on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Damaged power supply cable with short-circuited wires. - Inverter is damaged. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switch off the machine and disconnect the plug. Make sure that there are no short circuits between the poles of the plug caused by a damaged power supply cable. • Switch off the machine, disconnect the plug and check: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - varistor (picture 1); - inverter (picture 4); - Input bridge rectifier (picture 3); - switching power supply unit (picture 2).
The front panel does not switch on.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The fan works but the front panel does not go on. - Both the fan and the front panel do not work. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switch off the machine and disconnect the plug. Make sure the flat cable that connects the front panel to the power board is inserted correctly. If correctly inserted, replace the front panel. If the front panel does not go on, one of the switching power supply unit outputs is broken. Therefore the power board must be replaced. • Switch off the machine, disconnect the plug and check the mosfet of the switching power supply unit (picture 2).

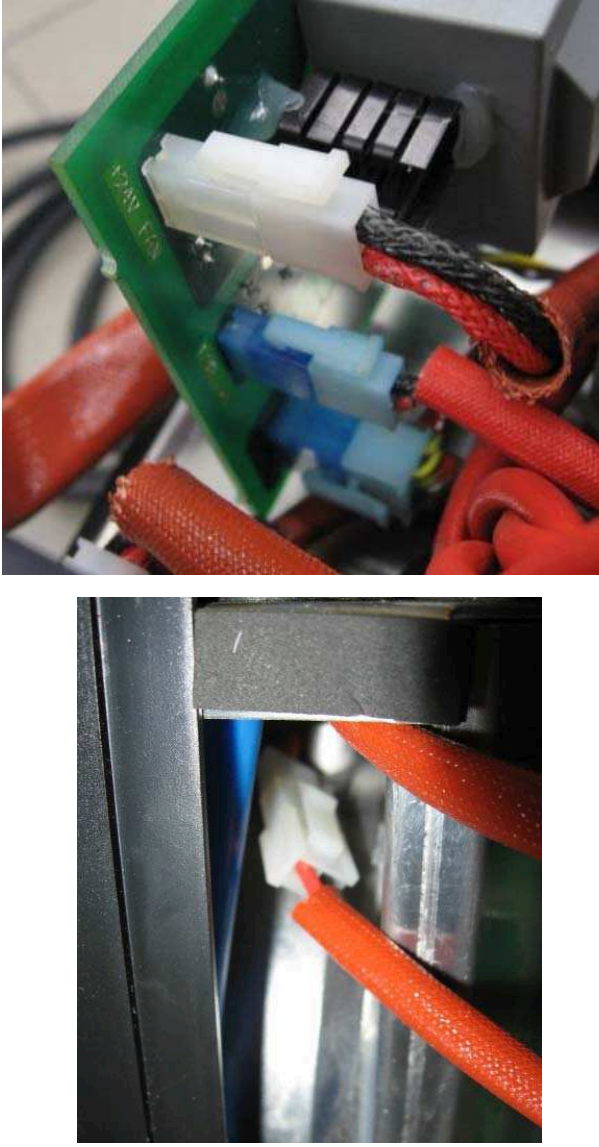
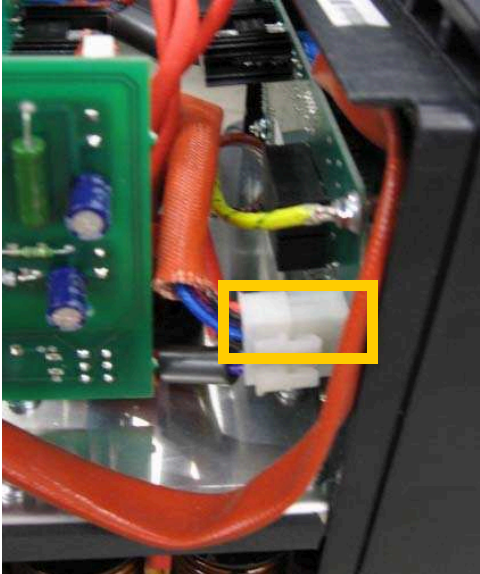
PROBLEM	CASE	SOLUTION
The Machine works and weld but the fan doesn't work (too short thermal cycle).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The cable that connects the Power Board to the Fan is not correctly inserted. - The fan is damaged. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Connect the cable or eventually replace it (figura 6). • The fan must be replaced.
The output voltage in MMA/TIG is about 11V and the Machine doesn't weld.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The wires that connect the output filter board 0031 to the front panel (0026) are not correctly connected or damaged. - The cable that connects the inversion board 0071 to the module board 0017 is not correctly connected or is damaged. - The cable that connects the front panel to the inversion board is not correctly inserted or is damaged. - The front panel is damaged. - The power board and/or the inversion board are damaged. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Switch off the machine and disconnect the plug: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Connect the cables or if they are damaged replace them (picture 7). - Connect the inversion board cable to the module board and whether it's damaged, replace it. - Connect the cable to the inversion board and whether it's damaged, replace it. - Replace the damaged boards.
The output voltage in each procedure is about 11V and enabling of the thermal protection device.	<p>Wait a few minutes keeping the machine on to favour cooling of the inverter. If the machine continues running with the protection devices on, switch the machine off and disconnect the plug. Remove the hood and make sure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the temperature of the heat sink tool is less than 40°C; - If it is less than 40°C, check whether the thermal protective device contacts are normally closed. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If the protection devices is always opened it is defective, it must be accordingly replaced. - If it is closed, make sure the two terminals are well inserted in the connector (picture 5). - Power board feed problems, it must be accordingly replaced.
The output voltage in MMA/TIG is zero and the welding procedure is blocked in MMA.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ISOTOP diodes are in short circuit. - The Inversion Module is damaged. - Transils on the snubber board are damaged. - The inductive value of the Power Transformer is null. 	<p>Switch off the machine and disconnect the plug. Remove the snubber board 0065 (above the ISOTOP diodes) (picture 8):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • check with a diode tester the diodes status. If damaged, they must be replaced; • check with a diode tester the inversion module status. If it's damaged, it must be replaced (picture 8); • check with a diode tester the status of the transils on the snubber board. • sostituire il TF POT nel caso sia danneggiato.
The welding is non optimal.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Spattering occurs during MMA welding. - The arc goes out during the AC welding. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make sure welding polarity is correct, the earth clamp is fixed correctly and check the hot-start and arc-force values that have to be decreased if they are too high. • The inversion board 0071 or the front panel must be replaced.

PROBLEM	CASE	SOLUTION
When welding the protection devices of the line set off.	Make sure the welding current does not require greater power than the one supplied by the line.	Decrease the welding current.
The remote control is damaged.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check that the 2-pin blue connector is correctly inserted on the power board. • The Front Panel could be damaged. 	Insert the wires into the connectors correctly and insert the connectors into their housings. Should this not be sufficient, replace the front panel board
The machine does not strike in HF mode.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The front panel could be damaged. - The HF board 0027 could be damaged. - HF board cable could be damaged or disconnected. - The HF transformer is damaged or not connected to the front panel.. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The front panel must be replaced • The HF board must be replaced. • Connect the cables or, if damaged, replace them. • Connect the HF transformer or replace it.
Gas does not come out from solenoid valve.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Excessive gas pressure. - Damage solenoid valve wiring. - The solenoid valve control relay on the front panel is damaged. - No 24 V. - Solenoid valve is damaged. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove the gas connection. Carry out a gas test on the front panel in the TIG procedure and check opening of the solenoid valve. Reduce gas pressure. Restore connections and carry out a gas test. • Switch off the machine and disconnect the plug: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Should there be no continuity, single out the disconnection and repair it; - Make sure that the wiring contacts are correctly inserted in the connectors. • The Front Panel must be replaced. • Check continuity between points A/B of the power board and x/y poles of the connector that goes to the front panel (picture 10). After that the solenoid valve or the front panel must be replaced. • Should the operations carried out not have a positive outcome, replace the solenoid valve.
The torch button doesn't work.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Non c'è continuità nel cablaggio della scheda amphenol 0042. - Cablaggio pulsante torcia che va da scheda 0042 a scheda 0031 rotto o non collegato. - Cablaggio che va da scheda 0031 a scheda 0026 è rotto o non collegato. - Il cablaggio 24 V (nominato + 24 V aux) che va da scheda potenza a scheda pannello frontale 0026 è danneggiato o sconnesso. - La scheda del pannello frontale 0026 è danneggiata. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sostituire la scheda amphenol 0042. • Collegare o sostituire il cablaggio che collega le due schede. • Sostituire la schede che risultano danneggiate.

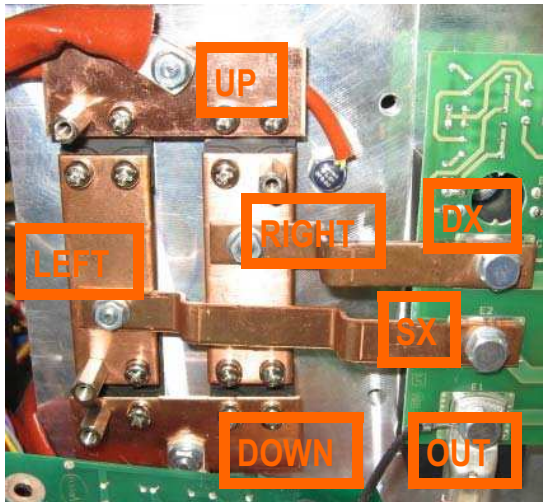
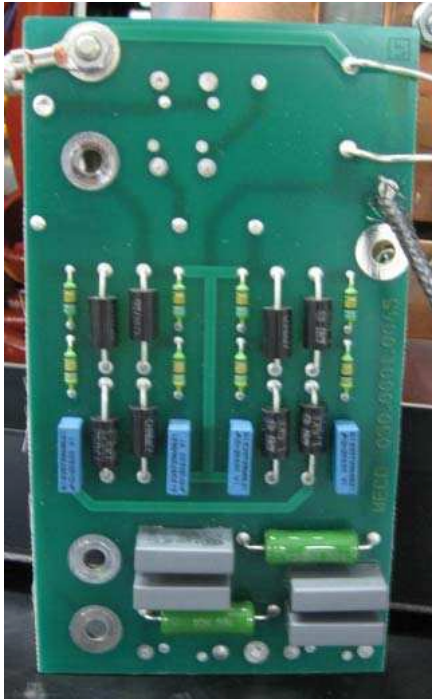
PROBLEM	CASE	SOLUTION
The machine always welds at maximum current.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Front Panel 0026 is damaged. - The Power Board 0025 is damaged. - The Hall Effect is damaged or the cable is disconnected. 	Switch off the machine and disconnect the plug: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Front Panel must be replaced. • The Power Board must be replaced. • Connect the cable in the right way, or if damaged, the Hall Effect must be replaced.
Gas comes out but the machine doesn't weld.	Pre-gas settings are not correct.	Regulate pre-gas settings.
The machine can't stop welding or the welding current is not the one set.	The slope up and slope down are not correctly set.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regulate in the correct way the slopes. • Otherwise, reset the parameters and reset the machine (picture 9).

		EXPLANATION																					
<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">PICTURE 1</p>		<p>The varistor is a blue discs near the ground wire of the power board. This device is for protecting the board from input overvoltage. When there is overvoltage they “explode” causing a short circuit most of the times. If the extent of the short circuit is very high they become an open circuit.</p>																					
<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">PICTURE 2</p>	 <p>Mosfet of the switching power</p>	<p>To check the mosfet of the switching power supply unit, carry the following measurements with a diode tester:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="880 1240 1471 1585"> <thead> <tr> <th>Red Probe</th> <th>Black Probe</th> <th>Measure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>D</td> <td>S</td> <td>“OL”</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S</td> <td>D</td> <td>“OL”</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>S</td> <td>“OL”</td> </tr> <tr> <td>S</td> <td>G</td> <td>“OL”</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>D</td> <td>0.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D</td> <td>G</td> <td>“OL”</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Should there be a short-circuit on one of these measurements or an “OL” instead of a numeric value, the power board must be replaced.</p>	Red Probe	Black Probe	Measure	D	S	“OL”	S	D	“OL”	G	S	“OL”	S	G	“OL”	G	D	0.5	D	G	“OL”
Red Probe	Black Probe	Measure																					
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		EXPLANATION																									
PICTURE 3		<p>Input bridge rectifier .</p> <p>To check the Input bridge rectifier , carry out the following measurements with a diode tester:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="837 414 1500 660"> <thead> <tr> <th>Rheofore</th> <th>Probe</th> <th>Rheofore</th> <th>Probe</th> <th>Measure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>F+</td> <td>Red</td> <td>D</td> <td>Black</td> <td>“OL”</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F-</td> <td>Red</td> <td>D</td> <td>Black</td> <td>0.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F+</td> <td>Black</td> <td>D</td> <td>Red</td> <td>0.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F-</td> <td>Bleck</td> <td>D</td> <td>Red</td> <td>“OL”</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Should there be a short circuit on one of these measurements, the input bridge rectifier must be replaced.</p>	Rheofore	Probe	Rheofore	Probe	Measure	F+	Red	D	Black	“OL”	F-	Red	D	Black	0.5	F+	Black	D	Red	0.5	F-	Bleck	D	Red	“OL”
Rheofore	Probe	Rheofore	Probe	Measure																							
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F+	Black	D	Red	0.5																							
F-	Bleck	D	Red	“OL”																							
PICTURE 4		<p>To check the inverter, carry out the following measurements with a diode tester:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="853 985 1444 1131"> <thead> <tr> <th>Red Probe</th> <th>Black Probe</th> <th>Measure</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>S</td> <td>G</td> <td>0.6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>S</td> <td>0.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Should there be a short-circuit on one of these measurements or an “OL” instead of a numeric value, the power board must be replaced.</p>	Red Probe	Black Probe	Measure	S	G	0.6	G	S	0.5																
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PICTURE 5		<p>Make sure the two terminals of the thermal devices are well inserted in the 6-pin blue connector on the power board.</p>																									

		EXPLANATION
<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">PICTURE 6</p>		<p>Make sure that the fan cables +24 V are correctly inserted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2-pin connector on the power board; - 2-pin connector on the fan.
<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">PICTURE 7</p>		<p>Make sure that the output filter board 0031 cables are correctly inserted in the front panel connectors.</p>

PICTURE 8



EXPLANATION

To check diodes remove the snubber board and carry out the following measures with a diode tester:

Copper bar	Probe	Copper bar	Probe	Measure
LEFT	red	UP/DOWN	black	0.3
LEFT	black	UP/DOWN	red	"OL"
RIGHT	red	UP/DOWN	black	"OL"
RIGHT	black	UP/DOWN	red	0.3

At the ends of the two transils (see below) positioned on the snubber board, "OL" must always be measured.

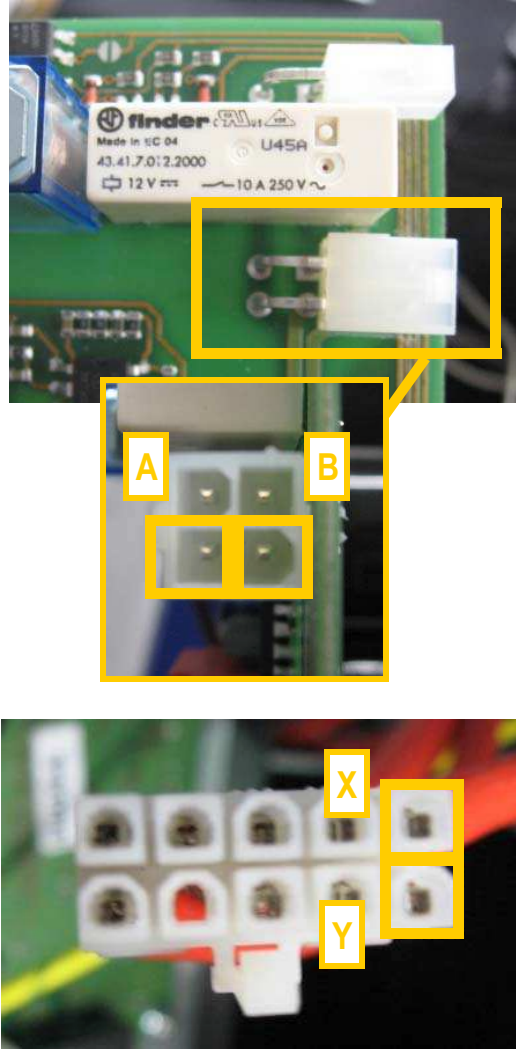


Copper bar	Probe	Copper bar	Probe	Measure
LEFT	red	OUT	black	0.3
LEFT	black	OUT	red	"OL"
RIGHT	red	OUT	black	"OL"
RIGHT	black	OUT	red	0.3

PICTURE 9



In order to reset the parameters, switch the machine on while the S2 and S4 buttons are being pressed.

		EXPLANATION
PICTURE 10	 <p>The image contains three photographs. The top photograph shows a Finder U45A relay mounted on a green PCB. A yellow rectangular box highlights the terminal block on the right side of the relay. The middle photograph is a close-up of the terminal block, showing two terminals labeled 'A' and 'B' with yellow boxes around them. The bottom photograph shows a different terminal block with two terminals labeled 'X' and 'Y' highlighted with yellow boxes.</p>	<p>Check continuity, with a diode tester, between points A/B of the power board and x/y poles of the connector that goes to the front panel.</p>

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Vypracoval: Worked out:	DJ 19/4/2010	Přezkoumal: Inspected:	DJ 19/4/2010	Schválil: Approved:	VS 19/4/2010
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